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LOCAL AUDIT & FINANCE 619

VILLAGE OF DETOUR Chippewa County, Michigan

FINANCIAL REPORT WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Year Ended March 31, 2005

Michigan Dept. of Treasury, Local Audit & Finance Division
496 (3-98). Formerly L-3147

ALIDITING DECEDIBES DEPORT

AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT Issue under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.						
Local Government Type Local Government Name		Cour				
☐ City ☐ Township ☒ Village ☐ Other	ccountant Report Subm		hippewa			
March 31, 2005 June 17, 2005 Se	otember 28, 2005					
We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of governmental prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Department of Treasury.	Accounting Standa	rds Board (C	ASB) and	I the Uniform		
We affirm that:						
1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units	of Government in N	<i>flichigan</i> as re	evised.			
2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Mic	chigan.					
We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclothe report of comments and recommendations	sed in the financial s	tatements, in	cluding th	e notes, or in		
You must check the applicable box for each item below.						
☐ yes ☒ no 1. Certain component units/funds/agencies of t	ne local unit are excl	uded from the	e financial	statements.		
yes 🗵 no 2. There are accumulated deficits in one or more earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).	e of this unit's unres	erved fund b	alances/re	tained		
yes \square no 3. There are instances of non-compliance with 1968, as amended).	he Uniform Account	ing and Budg	eting Act	(P.A. 2 of		
yes 🗵 no 4. The local unit has violated the conditions of e or its requirements, or an order issued under	ither an order issued the Emergency Mur	d under the M nicipal Loan A	lunicipal F \ct.	inance Act		
yes 🗵 no 5. The local unit holds deposits/investments who of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A.	ich do not comply wi 55 of 1982, as amen	ith statutory r ded [MCL 38	equiremer .1132]).	nts. (P.A. 20		
☐ yes ☒ no 6. The local unit has been delinquent distribution unit.	g tax revenues that v	were collecte	d for anoti	ner taxing		
earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the	earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due					
☐ yes ☒ no 8. The local unit uses credit cards and has not a 1995 (MCL 129.241).	adopted an applicabl	e policy as re	equired by	P.A. 266 of		
☐ yes ☒ no 9. The local unit has not adopted an investment	policy as required b	y P.A. 196 of	1997 (MC	CL 129.95).		
We have enclosed the following:	Enc		To Be	Not		
The letter of comments and recommendations.		X	iwaiueu	Required		
		^				
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).						
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).						
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name) Campbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.						
Street Address 512 N. Lincoln, Suite 100, P.O. Box 686	City Bay City	State Mi	Zip 4870			
Accountant Signature CAUDOLL KUNTEALL: CO. P.C.			1 1070			

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CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA

512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

June 17, 2005

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of Village of DeTour, Chippewa County, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of DeTour's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the Village of DeTour, Chippewa County, Michigan as of March 31, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable, of these activities and funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note 1, the Village has implemented a new financial reporting model, as required by the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, as of April 1, 2004.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2005, on our consideration of the Village's internal control over financial reporting and on tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Village's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The other supporting information described in the accompanying table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, it is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Campbell, Kusterer: Co., P.C.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended March 31, 2005

The Management's Discussion and Analysis report of the Village of DeTour covers the Village's financial performance during the year ended March 31, 2005.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Our financial status remained stable over the last year. Net assets at March 31, 2005, totaled \$524,549.93 for governmental activities and \$3,773,815.94 for business activities. Overall total capital assets remained approximately the same.

Overall revenues were \$370,425.27 from governmental activities and \$194,877.35 from business-type activities. Governmental activities had a \$23,319.61 increase in net assets. Business-type activities had a \$638,943.23 increase in net assets.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two different kinds of statements that present different views of the Village and the notes to the financial statements.

The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements and provide both long and short-term information about our overall financial status. These statements present governmental and business-type activities.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements, which focus on individual parts of the Village in more detail.

The notes to the financial statements explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statement information with budgetary comparisons.

ENTITY-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The entity-wide statements report information about the Village as a whole using accounting methods used by private companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the Village's assets and liabilities. The statement of activities records all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the entity's assets and liabilities and this is one method to measure the entity's financial health or position.

Over time increases/decreases in the entity's net assets are an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating.

To assess overall health of the entity you may also have to consider additional factors such as tax base changes, facility conditions and personnel changes.

All of the activities of the Village are reported as governmental activities and business-type activities. These include the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund, Housing Fund, Debt Service Fund, Water Fund and the Sewer Fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the year ended March 31, 2005

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Village's funds, focusing on significant (major) funds not the Village as a whole. Funds are used to account for specific activities or funding sources. Some funds are required by law or bond covenants. The Village Council also may create them. Funds are established to account for funding and spending of specific financial resources and to show proper expenditures of those resources.

The Village has the following types of funds:

Governmental Funds: Some of the Village's activities are included in the governmental fund category. These funds are presented on the modified accrual basis, which is designed to show short-term financial information. You will note that the differences between the Village's entity-wide statements and the fund statements are disclosed in reconciling statements to explain the differences between them. The Village's governmental funds include the General Fund, Major Street Fund, Local Street Fund, Housing Fund, and the Debt Service Fund.

Business-Type Funds: The Village has a Water Fund and Sewer Fund which includes the activity of providing water and Sewer to Village residents.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE AS A WHOLE

Our cash position in both the governmental and business-type activities remains strong.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE VILLAGE'S FUNDS

The General Fund had a \$37,307.07 decrease in fund balance. The Major Street Fund had a \$2,335.92 decrease in fund balance. The Local Street Fund had a \$820.30 increase in fund balance. The Debt Service Fund had an \$8,937.16 increase in fund balance.

The Water Fund had a \$691,633.50 increase in net assets and the Sewer Fund had a \$52,690.27 decrease in net assets.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

The Village's governmental activities invested \$75,999.00 in capital assets.

The Village's business-type activities invested \$1,144,382.93 in capital assets.

The Village's governmental activities paid \$60,786.14 of principal on long-term debt.

The Village's business-type activities paid \$26,000.00 of principal on long-term debt.

KNOWN FACTORS AFFECTING FUTURE OPERATIONS

The future of state revenue sharing is very clouded and it represents a significant portion of our income.

CONTACTING THE VILLAGE'S MANAGEMENT

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, creditors, investors and customers with a general overview of the Village's finances and to demonstrate the Village's accountability for the revenues it receives. If you have any questions concerning this report please contact the Village Clerk or Village Treasurer at 906-297-5471.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2005

	GovernmentalActivities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash in bank	282 158 20	31 980 21	314 138 41
Cash on hand	100 00	100 00	200 00
Taxes receivable	13 379 25	•	13 379 25
Accounts receivable	2 434 00	13 158 55	15 592 55
Due from State of Michigan	<u>12 658 28</u>	-	<u>12 658 28</u>
Total Current Assets	310 729 73	45 238 76	355 968 49
OTHER ASSETS:			
Cash in bank - restricted		66 782 41	66 782 41
Total Other Assets	•	66 782 41	66 782 41
CAPITAL ASSETS:			
Capital Assets	879 449 00	5 864 608 77	6 744 057 77
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(317 104 00)	(1 452 814 00)	(1 769 918 00)
Total Capital Assets	562 345 00	4 411 794 77	4 974 139 77
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>873 074 73</u>	4 523 815 94	5 396 890 67
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:			
LIABILITIES:			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	0.404.04		
Accounts payable Bonds payable	2 181 94	-	2 181 94
Bolius payable		26 000 00	26 000 00
Total Current Liabilities	2 181 94	26 000 00	28 181 94
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Bonds payable	255 000 00	724 000 00	979 000 00
Contracts payable	<u>91 342 86</u>	-	91 342 86
Total Non-current Liabilities	346 342 86	724 000 00	1 070 342 86
Total Liabilities	348 524 80	750 000 00	1 098 524 80
NET ASSETS: Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	216 002 14	3 661 794 77	3 877 796 91
Restricted	42 353 66	66 782 41	109 136 07
Unrestricted	266 194 13	45 238 76	311 432 89
Total Net Assets	524 549 93	3 773 815 94	4 298 365 87
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>873 074 73</u>	4 523 815 94	5 396 890 67

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2005

		Program Revenue		Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities:		Charges for Services	Capital Grants - Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
Legislative	4 181 24			
General government	113 693 69	- - 707 00	•	(4 181 24)
Public safety	62 321 92	5 767 00	•	(107 926 69)
Public works	149 274 10	39 310 48	-	(62 321 92)
Interest on long-term debt	17 634 71	39 310 40	-	(109 963 62)
meroet on long tollin dobt	17 034 71			(17 634 71)
Total Governmental Activities	<u>347 105 66</u>	<u>45 077 48</u>		(302 028 18)
Business-Type Activities:				
Water and sewer	<u>224 435 25</u>	<u>194 877 35</u>	667 500 00	
Total Business-Type Activities	224 435 25	<u>194 877 35</u>	667 500 00	•
Total Government	<u>571 540 91</u>	239 954 83	667 500 00	(302 028 18)
General Revenues: Property taxes State revenue sharing Interest Miscellaneous				167 753 70 112 319 13 3 867 71 41 407 25
Total General Revenues				325 347 79
Change in net assets				23 319 61
Net assets, beginning of year				501 230 32
Net Assets, End of Year				<u>524 549 93</u>

Business-Type	
Activities	Total
Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)
Revenue and	Revenue and
Changes in Net	Changes in Net
Assets	Assets
•	(4 181 24)
•	(107 926 69)
-	(62 321 92)
-	(109 963 62)
-	(17 634 71)
	(302 028 18)
637 942 10	637 942 10
637 942 10	637 942 10
637 942 10	335 913 92
-	167 753 70
-	112 319 13
1 001 13	4 868 84
-	41 407 25
1 001 13	326 348 92
638 943 23	662 262 84
3 134 872 71	3 636 103 03
3 773 815 94	4 298 365 87

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS March 31, 2005

<u>Assets</u>	General	Major Street	Debt Service	Other Funds
Cash in bank Cash on hand Taxes receivable Accounts receivable Due from State of Michigan Total Assets <u>Liabilities and Fund Equity</u>	132 768 44 100 00 9 685 27 - - - 142 553 71	78 068 76 - - - 9 205 86 87 274 62	38 659 68 - 3 693 98 - - - - 42 353 66	32 661 32 - 2 434 00 3 452 42 38 547 74
Liabilities: Accounts payable Total liabilities	2 181 94 2 181 94		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fund equity: Fund balances: Reserved Unreserved: Undesignated Total fund equity	- <u>140 371 77</u> 140 371 77	- <u>87 274 62</u> 87 274 62	42 353 66	- 38 547 74
Total Liabilities and Fund Equity	142 553 71	87 274 62 87 274 62	42 353 66 42 353 66	38 547 74 38 547 74

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2005

TOTAL	FUND !	BALANCES	S = GOV	FRNMEN	TAL FUN	ns.

308 547 79

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because –

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:

Capital assets at cost Accumulated depreciation

879 449 00

(317 104 00)

Long-term debt liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:

Bonds payable Contracts payable

(255 000 00) (91 342 86)

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

524 549 93

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2005

	General	Major Street	Debt Service	Other Funds
Revenues:			DOD! OCIVICE	_Other Funds
Property taxes	121 437 40	-	46 316 30	_
Licenses and permits	5 767 00	-	-	_
State revenue sharing	36 687 25	54 157 12	-	21 474 76
Charges for services	39 310 48	•	-	2141410
Interest	3 195 12	170 56	290 50	211 53
Miscellaneous	36 423 20	1 535 71	<u> </u>	1 801 01
Total revenues	242 820 45	55 863 39	48 254 13	23 487 30
Expenditures:				
Legislative:				
Village Council	4 181 24	•	_	
General government:			~	•
Elections	14 97		_	
Assessor	100 00	•	_	-
Clerk	4 966 23	_	_	-
Treasurer	6 023 61	-	_	-
Building and grounds	17 881 23	_	_	•
Village hall	14 299 17	_	_	•
Accounting	17 910 92	-	_	-
Attorney	862 11	-	_	-
Unallocated	49 949 45		-	•
Public safety:			-	-
Ambulance	28 957 28	_		
Fire protection	14 131 64	-	-	•
Public works:	1110104		-	-
Public works	56 245 79	_		
Highways and streets	-	44 660 03	•	-
Capital outlay	75 999 00	-	-	36 206 28
Debt service	<u>39 103 88</u>	-	<u>39 316 97</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	330 626 52	44 660 03	39 316 97	<u>36 206 28</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(87 806 07)	11 203 36	<u>8 937 16</u>	(12 718 98)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Loan proceeds	50 499 00			
Operating transfers in	30 499 00	•	-	•
Operating transfers out	-	(40 500 00)	-	13 539 28
Total other financing sources (uses)	50 499 00	(13 539 28) (13 539 28)		13 539 28
Evene (deficient)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures				
and other uses	(37 307 07)	(2 335 92)	8 937 16	820 30
Fund balances, April 1	177 678 84	89 610 54	33 416 50	37 727 44
Fund Balances, March 31	140 371 77	<u>87 274 62</u>	42 353 66	38 547 74
				-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-	167 753 70 5 767 00 112 319 13 39 310 48
_	3 867 71 41 407 25
	370 425 27
-	
	4 181 24
-	14 97 100 00 4 966 23
-	6 023 61 17 881 23
-	14 299 17 17 910 92 862 11
	49 949 45
-	28 957 28 14 131 64
•	56 245 79 80 866 31 75 999 00 78 420 85
•	450 809 80
•	(80 384 53)
•	50 499 00 13 539 28 (13 539 28) 50 499 00
•	(29 885 53)
	338 433 32
•	<u>308 547 79</u>

Total

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended March 31, 2005

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

(29 885 53)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation

Depreciation Expense Capital Outlay

(33 081 00)

`75 999 00[°]

Receipt of debt proceeds is a financing source in the governmental funds, the receipt does not have an effect in the statement of activities but does increase the debt balance in the statement of net assets.

Loan proceeds

(50 499 00)

Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, the repayment does not have an effect in the statement of activities but does reduce the debt balance in the statement of net assets.

Principal payments on long-term debt

<u>60 786 14</u>

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

23 319 61

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS March 31, 2005

ACCETO.	Water	Sewer	Total
ASSETS: CURRENT ASSETS:			
Cash in bank	19 938 14	40.040.07	***
Cash in bank Cash on hand	19 936 14 50 00	12 042 07	31 980 21
Accounts receivable		50 00	100 00
Accounts receivable	5 301 69	<u>7 856 86</u>	<u>13 158 55</u>
Total Current Assets	25 289 83	19 948 93	45 238 76
OTHER ASSETS:			
Cash in bank – restricted	38 832 68	<u>27 949 73</u>	66 782 41
Total Other Assets	38 832 68	27 949 73	66 782 41
CAPITAL ASSETS:			
Capital Assets	2 151 162 77	3 713 446 00	5 004 000 77
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(385 600 00)		5 864 608 77
	(303 000 00)	(1 067 214 00)	(1 452 814 00)
Total Capital Assets	1 765 562 77	2 646 232 00	4 411 794 77
TOTAL ASSETS	1 829 685 28	<u>2 694 130 66</u>	<u>4 523 815 94</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:			
LIABILITIES:			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Current portion of long-term liabilities	11 000 00	15 000 00	26 000 00
•		10 000 00	20 000 00
Total Current Liabilities	11 000 00	<u>15 000 00</u>	26 000 00
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:			
Bonds payable	525 000 00	225 000 00	750 000 00
Less current portion		225 000 00	750 000 00
2000 outlone portion	(11 000 00)	(15 000 00)	(26 000 00)
Total Long-Term Liabilities	514 000 00	210 000 00	724 000 00
Total Liabilities	525 000 00	225 000 00	
-	020 000 00	223 000 00	<u>750 000 00</u>
NET ASSETS:			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt	1 240 562 77	2 421 232 00	3 661 794 77
Restricted	38 832 68	27 949 73	66 782 41
Unrestricted	25 289 83	19 948 93	45 238 76
Total Net Assets	1 304 685 28	2 469 130 66	3 773 815 94
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MET ASSESSED		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	1 829 685 28	2 694 130 66	4 523 815 94

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2005

_		<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Total
	OPERATING REVENUES:			
	Service charges	87 977 84	66 951 95	154 929 79
	Hydrant rental	19 600 00	-	19 600 00
-	Miscellaneous	<u>17 466 56</u>	2 881 00	20 347 56
	Total Operating Revenues	125 044 40	69 832 95	<u> 194 877 35</u>
_	OPERATING EXPENSES:			
	Wages	30 797 90	28 439 75	59 237 65
	Fringe benefits	13 605 64	13 432 23	27 037 87
-	Insurance	4 000 00	3 523 00	7 523 00
	Supplies	16 309 99	5 304 81	21 614 80
	Repairs and maintenance	5 422 68	1 423 76	6 846 44
_	Contracted services	1 750 00	1 000 00	2 750 00
	Utilities	5 493 56	5 666 41	11 159 97
	Miscellaneous	1 582 58	6 100 20	7 682 78
•	Total Operating Expenses	78 962 35	64 890 16	143 852 51
	Operating Income (loss) before depreciation	46 082 05	4 942 79	51 024 84
	Less: depreciation	(14 314 00)	(46 418 00)	(60 732 00)
	Operating income (loss)	31 768 05	(41 475 21)	(9 707 16)
•	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) :		
	Interest income	323 69	677 44	1 001 13
	Federal grant	667 500 00	-	667 500 00
•	Interest expense	(7 958 24)	(11 892 50)	(19 850 74)
	Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	659 865 45	(11 215 06)	648 650 39
1	Change in net assets	691 633 50	(52 690 27)	638 943 23
	Net assets, beginning of year	613 051 78	2 521 820 93	3 134 872 71
1	Net Assets, End of Year	1 304 685 28	2 469 130 66	3 773 815 94

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – BUSINESS-TYPE FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2005

	Water	Sewer	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for	103 282 98	67 648 33	170 931 31
goods and services Cash payments to employees	(48 164 45)	(36 450 41)	(84 614 86)
for services	(30 797 90)	(28 439 75)	(59 237 65)
Other operating receipts	22 215 50		22 215 50
Net cash provided (used) by operating			
activities	46 536 13	2 758 17	49 294 30
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Principal paid on bonds	(11 000 00)	(15 000 00)	(26 000 00)
Interest paid on bonds	(7 958 24)	(11 892 50)	(19 850 74)
Federal grant proceeds	667 500 00	-	667 500 00
Increase in capital assets	(1 144 382 93)	-	(1 144 382 93)
Bond proceeds	477 000 00	-	477 000 00
Net cash provided (used) by capital			
and related financing activities	(18 841 17)	(26 892 50)	(45 733 67)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Interest income	323 69	677 44	1 001 13
Net cash provided (used) by investing			
activities	323 69	677 44	1 001 13
Net increase (decrease) in cash	28 018 65	(23 456 89)	4 561 76
Cash beginning of year	30 802 17	63 498 69	94 300 86
Cash End of Year	58 820 82	40 041 80	98 862 62
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FR NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING			
Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	31 768 05	(41 475 21)	(9 707 16)
Depreciation	14 314 00	46 418 00	60 732 00
Increase (decrease) in receivables	454 08	(2 184 62)	(1 730 54)
Net Cash Provided (Used) in Constina			
Net Cash Provided (Used) in Operating Activities	46 536 13	2 758 17	49 294 30
			- 49 294 30

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Village of DeTour, Chippewa County, Michigan, conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Village contain all the Village funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Village's executive or legislative branches.

The reporting entity is the Village of DeTour. The Village is governed by an elected Village Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Village as the primary government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, (the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Major individual governmental and business-type funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, restricted resources are applied first.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated at sences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Funds

General Fund

This fund is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The fund includes the general operating expenditures of the local unit. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, state and federal distributions, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds are used to account for specific governmental revenues requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for long-term debt transactions.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Sewer enterprise funds are charges to customers for services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenues the tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Equity

Bank deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalent investments include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due to the Village. Allowances for uncollectible accounts have not been provided for in that collection is not considered doubtful and any uncollected amount would be immaterial.

Inventories

Inventories of supplies are considered to be immaterial and are not recorded.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property Taxes

Property taxes and other revenue that are both measurable and available for use to finance operations are recorded as revenue when earned.

Properties are assessed as of July 1 and the related property taxes become a lien on March 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on September 14 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls. The 2004 tax roll millage rate was 13.76 mills, and the taxable value was \$12,188,500.00.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances involving the current recognition of purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for future expenditures are not recorded.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial cost of more than \$2,000.00 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings, additions and improvements Equipment

25-50 years 5-20 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

Employees are not allowed to accumulate vacation and sick pay and therefore no accumulated amount is recorded in the financial statements.

Post-employment Benefits

The Village provides no post-employment benefits to past employees.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Accounting Change

Effective April 1, 2004, the Village implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments* (GASB No. 34). Changes to the Village's financial statements as a result of GASB No. 34 are as follows:

A Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) section providing analysis of the Village's overall financial position and results of operations has been included.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounting Change (continued)

Government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) prepared using the full accrual accounting for all the Village's activities have been provided.

Capital assets in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Assets include net assets totaling \$562,345.00.

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the proposed budget for each budgetary fund is submitted to the Village Council for consideration.
- The proposed budgets include expenditures as well as the methods of financing them.
- 3. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 4. The budgets are adopted at the activity level by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- 5. The budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 6. The originally adopted budgets can be amended during the year only by a majority vote of the Village Council.
- 7. The adopted budgets are used as a management control device during the year for all budgetary funds.
- 8. Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- The budgeted amounts shown in these financial statements are the originally adopted budgets with all amendments that were approved by the Village Council during the fiscal year.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Village to deposit and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; banker's acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (continued)

The Village Council has designated three banks for the deposit of Village funds. The investment policy adopted by the Council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments authorized by state law as listed above.

The Village's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 3, risk disclosures for the cash deposits are as follows:

Total Deposits

Carrying
Amounts

380 920 82

Amounts in the bank balances are without considering deposits in transit or uncleared checks.

Insured (FDIC)
Uninsured and Uncollateralized

Total Deposits

Bank
Balances

151 961 21
232 200 70

384 161 91

The Village of DeTour did not have any investments as of March 31, 2005.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Village's Governmental and Business-Type activities for the current year was as follows:

	Balance 4/1/04	Additions	Deletions	Balance 3/31/05
Governmental Activities:				
Land	163 166 00	-	-	163 166 00
Buildings	134 578 00	-	-	134 578 00
Equipment	505 706 00	75 999 00	•	581 705 00
Total	803 450 00	75 999 00	-	879 449 00
				0.01.000
Accumulated Depreciation	(284 023 00)	(33 081 00)	-	(317 104 00)
Net Governmental				
Capital Assets	<u>519 427 00</u>	42 918 00	-	562 345 00
Business-Type Activities:				
Water and Sewer Systems	4 720 225 84	1 144 382 93	-	5 864 608 77
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 392 082 00)	(60 732 00)		<u>(1 452 814 00)</u>
Net Business-Type				
Capital Assets	<u>3 328 143 84</u>	<u>1 083 650 93</u>	•	<u>4 411 794 77</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 5 - Budget Variances

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005, Village expenditures exceeded the budgeted amounts in the activities as follows:

General Fund Activity:	Total <u>Budget</u>	Total Expenditures	Excess Expenditures
Accounting Capital outlay	17 900 00	17 910 92	10 92
	20 500 00	75 999 00	55 499 00

Note 6 - Restricted Assets and Retained Earnings - Reserved

In accordance with Village ordinances, specific assets of the Water Fund and Sewer Fund have been restricted for the funding of required reserves. These reserves have been established to provide for the revenue bond debt service and replacement of fixed assets.

The following is a composition of the restricted assets as of March 31, 2005.

	<u>Water Fund</u>	Sewer Fund
Cash in bank:		
Bond Reserve Account	16 302 52	21 229 00
Bond and Interest Redemption Account	8 105 16	6 720 73
Water Repair and Replacement Account	10 672 15	•
Water Debt Service Account	3 752 85	-
Total	<u>38 832 68</u>	<u>27 949 73</u>

Bond Requirements

<u>Water Supply System:</u> Bonds maturing the years 1983 to 2012 inclusive, will be subject to redemption prior to maturity, in inverse numerical order, on any interest payment date on or after January 1, 1982, at par and accrued interest to the date of redemption.

The governing ordinance requires the Village to make quarterly deposits in an account designated "Bond and Interest Redemption Fund," an amount sufficient to pay at least one-half of the amount of the interest due on the next ensuing interest due date and one-fourth of the amount of the principal due each January 1.

In addition, the Village is required to deposit in an account designated "Bond Reserve Account," \$125.00 each quarter until there is accumulated the sum of \$10,000.00. Such funds are to be used for payment of bonds and interest as to which would otherwise be default.

<u>Sanitary Sewer System:</u> Bonds maturing in the years 1991 to 2018 inclusive, will be subject to redemption prior to maturity, in the inverse numerical order, on any interest payment date on or after January 1, 1990, at par and accrued interest date fixed for redemption.

The governing ordinance requires the Village to make quarterly deposits in an account designated "Bond and Interest Redemption Fund," an amount sufficient to pay at least one-half of the amount of the interest due on the next ensuing interest due date and one-fourth of the amount of the principal due each January 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 6 - Restricted Assets and Retained Earnings - Reserved (continued)

In addition, the Village is required to deposit in an account designated "Bond Reserve Account," \$250.00 each quarter until there is accumulated the sum of \$22,000. Such funds are to be used for payment of bonds and interest as to which otherwise be default.

Note 7 - Proprietary Fund Fixed Assets

	Enterprise	
	Water	Sewer
Plant, property & equipment	2 151 162 77	3 713 446 00
Less accumulated depreciation	(385 600 00)	(1 067 214 00)
Net	<u>1 765 562 77</u>	2 646 232 00

Proprietary Fund fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives which are fifty years.

Note 8 - Changes in Governmental Long-Term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

	Balance 4/1/04	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 3/31/05
General obligation bonds payable	280 000 00	-	25 000 00	255 000 00
Contract payable – plow truck Contract payable – fire	25 130 00	-	25 130 00	-
truck Contract payable – CAT	51 500 00	-	-	51 500 00
loader		50 499 00	<u>10 656 14</u>	<u>39 842 86</u>
Total	356 630 00	50 499 00	60 786 14	<u>346 342 86</u>

Note 9 - General Obligation Bonds Payable

In 1996, the Village of DeTour sold its general obligation bonds. As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance outstanding on the bonds was \$255,000.00.

	Principal
<u> Due Date</u>	Amount
10-1-05	25 000 00
10-1-06	30 000 00
10-1-07	30 000 00
10-1-08	40 000 00
10-1-09	40 000 00
10-1-10	45 000 00
10-1-11	45 000 00
Total	255 000 00
	10

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 10 - Contract Payable - Plow Truck

As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance of \$25,130.00 was paid in full.

Note 11 - Contract Payable - Fire Truck

As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance outstanding was \$51,500.00. The interest rate is 4.75% per annum.

	Principal
Due Date	Amount
5-1-05	3 000 00
5-1-06	3 000 00
5-1-07	3 000 00
5-1-08	4 000 00
5-1-09	4 000 00
5-1-10	4 000 00
5-1-11	4 000 00
5-1-12	4 000 00
5-1-13	4 250 00
5-1-14	4 250 00
5-1-15	4 500 00
5-1-16	4 750 00
5-1-17	4 750 00
Tota!	51 500 00

Note 12 - Contract Payable - CAT Loader

In 2004, the Village obtained a loan in the amount of \$50,499.00 to fund the purchase of a CAT Loader. The loan requires payment in five annual payments in the amount of \$10,976.24 including interest at the rate of 4.00% per annum. As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance outstanding was \$39,842.86.

Note 13 - 1972 Water Revenue Bonds Payable

In 1972, the Village of DeTour sold its bonds to fund the construction of the water system. As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance outstanding on the bonds was \$53,000.00.

Due Date	Principal Amount
1-1-06	6 000 00
1-1-07	7 000 00
1-1-08	8 000 00
1-1-09	8 000 00
1-1-10	8 000 00
1-1-11	8 000 00
1-1-12	00 000 8
Total	53 000 00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 14 – 2005 Water Revenue Bonds Payable

In 2005, the Village of DeTour sold \$477,000.00 of its bonds to fund further construction of the water system. As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance outstanding was \$472,000.00 and it is recorded in the Water Fund.

Due Date	Principal Amount
1-1-06	5 000 00
1-1-07	5 000 00
1-1-08	5 000 00
1-1-09	5 000 00
1-1-10	6 000 00
1-1-11	6 000 00
1-1-12	6 000 00
1-1-13	6 000 00
1-1-14	7 000 00
1-1-15	7 000 00
1-1-16	7 000 00
1-1-17	00 000 8
1-1-18	00 000 8
1-1-19	00 000 8
1-1-20	9 000 00
1-1-21	9 000 00
1-1-22	9 000 00
1-1-23	10 000 00
1-1-24	10 000 00
1-1-25	11 000 00
1-1-26	11 000 00
1-1-27	12 000 00
1-1-28	12 000 00
1-1-29	13 000 00
1-1-30	13 000 00
1-1-31	14 000 00
1-1-32	15 000 00
1-1-33	15 000 00
1-1-34	16 000 00
1-1-35	17 000 00
1-1-36	17 000 00
1-1-37	18 000 00
1-1-38	19 000 00
1-1-39	20 000 00
1-1-40	21 000 00
1-1-41	22 000 00
1-1-42	23 000 00
1-1-43	23 000 00
1-1-44	24 000 00
Total	472 000 00

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 15 - 1970 Sewer Revenue Bonds Payable

In 1970, the Village of DeTour sold its bonds to fund the construction of the sewer system. As of March 31, 2005, the principal balance outstanding was \$225,000.00 and it is recorded in the Sewer Fund.

Du	e Date	Principal Amount
1	1-1-06	15 000 00
1	1-1-07	15 000 00
1	l-1-08	15 000 00
1	-1-09	15 000 00
1	-1-10	15 000 00
	-1-11	15 000 00
-	-1-12	15 000 00
•	-1-13	20 000 00
	-1-13 -1-14	
•		20 000 00
	-1-15	20 000 00
1	-1-16	20 000 00
1	-1-17	20 000 00
1	-1-18	20 000 00
T -4-4		
Total		225 000 00

Note 16 - Interfund Transfers

· The amounts of interfund transfers are as follows:

Fund	Transfers In	<u>Fund</u>	Transfers Out
Local Street	13 539 28	Major Street	<u>13 539 28</u>
Total	13 539 28	Total	13 539 28

Note 17 - Deferred Compensation Plan

The Village does not have a deferred compensation plan.

Note 18 - Pension Plan

The Village does not have a pension plan.

Note 19 - Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors, omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation). The Village has purchased commercial insurance for property loss, torts and workers' compensation claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2005

Note 20 - Segment Information for Enterprise Funds

The Village maintains two Enterprise Funds which provide water and sewer services. Segment information for the year ended March 31, 2005, is as follows:

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund
Operating revenues	125 044 40	69 832 95
Depreciation expense	14 314 00	46 418 00
Change in net assets	691 633 50	(52 690 27)
Operating income (loss)	31 768 05	(41 475 21)
Bonds payable	525 000 00	225 000 00
Net working capital	14 289 83	4 948 93
Net assets	1 304 685 28	2 469 130 66

Note 21 - Building Permits

The Village of DeTour does not issue building permits. Building permits are issued by the County of Chippewa.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE – GENERAL FUND Year ended March 31, 2005

	Original Budget	Final		Variance with Final Budget Over
Revenues:	Dudget	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Property taxes	120 000 00	120 000 00	121 437 40	4 407 40
Licenses and permits	6 000 00	6 000 00	5 767 00	1 437 40
State revenue sharing	30 000 00	30 000 00	36 687 25	(233 00)
Charges for services	48 000 00	48 000 00	39 310 48	6 687 25
Interest	2 000 00	2 000 00	3 195 12	(8 689 52) 1 195 12
Miscellaneous	48 500 00	48 500 00	<u>36 423 20</u>	(12 076 80)
Total revenues	254 500 00	254 500 00	242 820 45	(11 679 55)
Expenditures:				
Legislative:				
Village Council	4 020 00	4 225 00	4 181 24	(43 76)
General government:			7 101 24	(43 70)
Elections	900 00	900 00	14 97	(885 03)
Assessor	100 00	100 00	100 00	(000 00)
Clerk	5 050 00	5 070 00	4 966 23	(103 77)
Treasurer	8 100 00	8 150 00	6 023 61	(2 126 39)
Building and grounds	25 600 00	26 200 00	17 881 23	(8 318 77)
Village hall	23 950 00	25 050 00	14 299 17	(10 750 83)
Accounting	16 600 00	17 900 00	17 910 92	10 92
Attorney	1 800 00	1 800 00	862 11	(937 89)
Unallocated	98 237 00	51 962 00	49 949 45	(2 012 55)
Public safety:				(2 012 00)
Ambulance	27 155 00	34 105 00	28 957 28	(5 147 72)
Fire protection	17 275 00	17 975 00	14 131 64	(3 843 36)
Public works:				(0 040 00)
Public works	52 650 00	58 800 00	56 245 79	(2 554 21)
Capital outlay	20 500 00	20 500 00	75 999 00	55 499 00
Debt service	10 000 00	39 200 00	39 103 88	(96 12)
Total expenditures	311 937 00	311 937 00	330 626 52	<u> 18 689 52</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(57.427.00)	(57.407.00)		
over experiences	(57 437 00)	(57 437 00)	<u>(87 806 07)</u>	(30 369 07)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Loan proceeds		***	50 499 00	50 499 00
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	50 499 00	50 499 00
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures				
and other uses	(57 437 00)	(57 437 00)	(37 307 07)	20 129 93
Fund balance, April 1	57 437 <u>00</u>	57 437 00	177 678 84	120 241 84
Fund Balance, March 31	_		<u>140 371 77</u>	<u>140 371 77</u>

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MAJOR STREET FUND Year ended March 31, 2005

Dovonyan	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Over (Under)
Revenues:				
State revenue sharing	51 700 00	51 700 00	54 157 12	2 457 12
Interest	600 00	600 00	170 56	(429 44)
Miscellaneous	6 500 00	6 500 00	<u> </u>	(4 964 29)
Total revenues	58 800 00	58 800 00	55 863 39	(2 936 61)
Expenditures: Public works:				
Highways and streets	106 865 00	106 865 00	44 660 03	(62 204 97)
Total expenditures	106 865 00	106 865 00	44 660 03	(62 204 97)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(48 065 00)	(48 065 00)	11 203 36	<u>59 268 36</u>
Other financing sources (uses): Operating transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)	(12 000 00) (12 000 00)	(12 000 00) (12 000 00)	(13 539 28) (13 539 28)	(1 539 28) (1 539 28)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures				
and other uses	(60 065 00)	(60 065 00)	(2 335 92)	57 729 08
Fund balance, April 1	60 065 00	60 065 00	89 610 54	29 545 54
Fund Balance, March 31	-	-	87 274 62	<u>87 274 62</u>

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS March 31, 2005

Assets	Major Street	Local Street	Housing	Total
Cash in bank Accounts receivable Due from State of Michigan	78 068 76 - 9 205 86	23 830 32 - 3 452 42	8 831 00 2 434 00 	110 730 08 2 434 00 12 658 28
Total Assets	<u>87 274 62</u>	27 282 74	<u>11 265 00</u>	125 822 36
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Total liabilities				
Fund balances: Unreserved:				
Undesignated Total fund balances	87 274 62 87 274 62	27 282 74 27 282 74	11 265 00 11 265 00	125 822 36 125 822 36
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	s <u>87 274 62</u>	<u>27 282 74</u>	11 265 00	<u>125 822 36</u>

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – ALL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Year ended March 31, 2005

	Major Street	Local Street	Housing	Total
Revenues:				
State revenue sharing	54 157 12	21 474 76	•	75 631 88
Interest	170 56	211 53	-	382 09
Miscellaneous	<u>1 535 71</u>	1 801 01	-	3 336 72
Total revenues	55 863 39	23 487 30		79 350 69
Expenditures – Public Works: Highways and streets:				
Routine maintenance	14 566 19	15 347 83	•	29 914 02
Winter maintenance	16 528 18	15 893 61	•	32 421 79
Administration	<u>13 565 66</u>	4 964 84		18 530 50
Total expenditures	44 660 03	36 206 28	-	80 866 31
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	11 203 36	(12 718 98)	-	(1 515 62)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in	-	13 539 28	-	13 539 28
Operating transfers out	(13 539 28)			(13 539 28)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13 539 28)	13 539 28	_	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures				
and other uses	(2 335 92)	820 30	-	(1 515 62)
Fund balances, April 1	89 610 54	26 462 44	11 265 00	127 337 98
Fund Balances, March 31	87 274 62	<u>27 282 74</u>	<u>11 265 00</u>	125 822 36

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

June 17, 2005

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of DeTour, Chippewa County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As a part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Village of DeTour's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect of the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclose no instances of non-compliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Village of DeTour's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted an inadequate control over cash transactions caused by an inherent lack of segregation of duties which is due to the limited number of office personnel employed involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information of management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Campbell, Kusterer & Co., P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MARK J. CAMPBELL, CPA KENNETH P. KUSTERER, CPA 512 N. LINCOLN AVE. - SUITE 100 P.O. BOX 686 BAY CITY, MICHIGAN 48707 TEL (989) 894-1040 FAX (989) 894-5494

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

June 17, 2005

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Village of DeTour, Chippewa County, Michigan, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended March 31, 2005. Village of DeTour's major federal programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Village of DeTour's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Village of DeTour's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether non-compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Village of DeTour's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Village of DeTour's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Village of DeTour complies, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended March 31, 2005.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Village of DeTour is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Village of DeTours' internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be a material weakness. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that non-compliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information of management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Campbell, Kusterer: Co., P.C.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year ended March 31, 2005

Federal Grantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Direct programs: Rural Development Water Improvement Loan Rural Development Water Improvement Grant	10.760 10.760	477 000 00 667 382 93
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		<u>1 144 382 93</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year ended March 31, 2005

There were no prior year findings.

There are no current year findings.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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AUDIT COMMUNICATION AND REPORT OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

June 17, 2005

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the Village of DeTour for the year ended March 31, 2005. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the independent auditor is required to make several communications to the governing body having oversight responsibility for the audit. The purpose of this communication is to provide you with additional information regarding the scope and results of our audit that may assist you with your oversight responsibilities of the financial reporting process for which management is responsible.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY UNDER AUDITING STANDARDS GENERALLY ACCEPTED IN THE UNITED STATES

We conducted our audit of the financial statements of the Village of DeTour in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. The following paragraph explains our responsibilities under those standards.

Management has the responsibility for adopting sound accounting policies, for maintaining an adequate and effective system of accounts, for the safeguarding of assets, and for devising an internal control structure that will, among other things, help assure the proper recording of transactions. The transactions that should be reflected in the accounts and in the financial statements are matters within the direct knowledge and control of management. Our knowledge of such transactions is limited to that acquired through our audit. Accordingly, the fairness of representations made through the financial statements is an implicit and integral part of management's accounts and records. However, our responsibility for the financial statements is confined to the expression of an opinion on them. The financial statements remain the responsibility of management.

The concept of materiality is inherent in the work of an independent auditor. An auditor places greater emphasis on those items that have, on a relative basis, more importance to the financial statements and greater possibilities of material error than those items of lesser importance or those in which the possibility of material error is remote.

For this purpose, materiality has been defined as "the magnitude of an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would have been changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement."

An independent auditor's objective in an audit is to obtain sufficient competent evidential matter to provide a reasonable basis for forming an opinion on the financial statements. In doing so, the auditor must work within economic limits; the opinion, to be economically useful, must be formed within a reasonable length of time and at reasonable cost. That is why an auditor's work is based on selected tests rather than an attempt to verify all transactions. Since evidence is examined on a test basis only, an audit provides only reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that financial statements are free of material misstatement. Thus, there is a risk that audited financial statements may contain undiscovered material errors or fraud. The existence of that risk is implicit in the phrase in the audit report, "in our opinion."

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

In the audit process, we gain an understanding of the internal control structure of an entity for the purpose of assisting in determining the nature, timing, and extent of audit testing. Our understanding is obtained by inquiry of management, testing transactions, and observation and review of documents and records. The amount of work done is not sufficient to provide a basis for an opinion on the adequacy of the internal control structure.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

Auditing standards call for us to inform you of other significant issues such as, but not limited to, 1) Accounting estimates that are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements or because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments; 2) Significant audit adjustments that may not have been detected except through the auditing procedures we performed; 3) Disagreements with management regarding the scope of the audit or application of accounting principles; 4) Consultation with other accountants; 5) Major issues discussed with management prior to retention; and 6) Difficulties encountered in performing the audit.

We have no significant issues, regarding these matters, to report to you at this time. Audit adjustments were minimal, and are available to review.

GASB 34 IMPLEMENTATION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued a new reporting model for governmental units which was required to be implemented for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005. The implementation of this pronouncement for the Village of DeTour began with the year ended March 31, 2005. The daily operations and recording transactions did not change significantly, however, the Village is required to maintain additional records for the year end adjustments to the final presentation format.

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION REGARDING INTERNAL CONTROLS/ COMPLIANCE/ EFFICIENCY

Our procedures disclosed the following conditions that we would like to bring to your attention:

SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

A separation of duties between persons who authorize transactions and persons who have control over the related assets does not always exist.

The least desirable accounting system is one in which an employee is responsible for executing the transaction and then recording the transaction from its origin to its ultimate posting in the General Ledger. This increases the likelihood that intentional or unintentional errors will go undetected. In most cases, adequate segregation of duties substantially increases control over errors without duplication of effort.

We understand that due to the size of needed staff, a proper segregation of duties may be impractical and the "cost to benefit" relationship may not justify the addition of accounting staff to accomplish the desired segregation.

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the audit tests to be applied in our audit of the Village's financial statements and this communication of these matters does not affect our report on the Village's financial statements, dated March 31, 2005.

To the Village Council Village of DeTour Chippewa County, Michigan

SUMMARY

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the foregoing comments and we would be happy to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Campbell, Kusteren: Co.P.C.

CAMPBELL, KUSTERER & CO., P.C. Certified Public Accountants